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PANTA OF OR OF TOXINGON	CONFIRMATION NO	
DAVID CHORGE IOXINGOV	8596	
DAVID GEORGE IOHNSON JACKSON TYR	EXAMINER JACKSON, TYRONE D	
POST OFFICE BOX 286 AITKIN, MN 56431 ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
2862		

DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		2.M
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/733,919	BRITTON, ANDREW MICHAEL
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Tyrone Jackson	2862
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state of the period by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) or will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for atute, cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	.	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ T	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	wance except for formal matters, p	prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12/11/03</u> is/are: a)∑	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to by	the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawing(s) is	objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Offi	ce Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
 Certified copies of the priority docum 	ents have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received in Applic	ation No
Copies of the certified copies of the p	priority documents have been rece	ived in this National Stage
application from the International Bur		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not recei	ved.
Attachment(s)	· —	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail	
Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-946) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB. Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/11/03		Patent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Page 9, line 5 (actual) refers to fig. 10 that does not exist. Appropriate correction is required.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because line 3 refers to "34, 35" which should be "33, 34". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Objections

Claim 11 is objected to because in line 2, "an" should be "a". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 3 is objected to because it lacks a period. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 8 depends on itself. Correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Art Unit: 2862

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson {5,504,428} in view of Weiss {5,343,676}.

Regarding claims 1, 2, 10 and 11 Johnson discloses a metal detector comprising an oscillator coil 27 and two input coils 26 and 28 (three magnet/coils) that emit a magnetic field and generates a signal in response to a disturbance of the magnetic field (column 2 lines 4-6, 9-11), also a signal processor that measures and compares the ratio of the different signals so as to determine the physical location of an item causing the disturbance of the magnetic field (column 4 lines 35-55). Regarding claim 3, Johnson teaches a metal detector comprising a case housing the oscillator (column 2 lines 57-58), multiple cavities within the case to house the product, means for permitting the product to enter and exit the cavities (Fig. 4), and a conveyor means for transporting the product through the cavity (column 2 lines 54-56). Regarding claims 4, 5, and 12 Johnson discloses an apparatus wherein the signal processor associates a disturbance of the magnetic field with a metallic item and determines if it resides inside or outside of the cavity (the position) in column 4 lines 57-60. Johnson, however, does not include an oscillator. Weiss does teach an oscillator (magnetic field generating device, column 1 line 68) interconnected to the coils so as to emit a magnetic field in the region.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include the oscillator taught by Weiss in conjunction with the metal detector system taught by Johnson so as to extend the range of the magnetic field while simultaneously decreasing the unwanted disturbances in the input coils (Weiss, column 1 lines 62-64).

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson and Weiss as applied to claims 1 above, and further in view of the Applicant Admitted Prior Art (AAPA). Johnson and Weiss do not discuss a signal processor that separates the input signal. The AAPA teaches that modern digital processing techniques resolves the input signal into a resistive component and a reactive component (page 2 lines 15-18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use known modern digital processing techniques taught by the AAPA in the metal detector disclosed by Johnson in order to enhance the efficiency and reliability of the detector.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson, Weiss, and AAPA as applied to claims 1 and 6 and further in view of May et al {3,896,292}. Johnson and Weiss do not mention a flux concentrator. However May teaches mounting a flux concentrator adjacent to the oscillator coil to increase inductance (column 10 lines 50-52). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add the flux concentrator taught by May to the metal detector disclosed by Johnson and Weiss to decrease the flux leakage outside of the system and increase the flux concentration within the system (column 11, lines 1-2).

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patents 4990850, 5654638, 5691640, 5896031 all disclose various types of metal detectors.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tyrone Jackson whose telephone number is (571) 272-1812. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on (571) 272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tyrone Jackson

7/6/05

RENEE LUEBKE PRIMARY EXAMINER